SLS 11RS-137

ORIGINAL

Regular Session, 2011

SENATE BILL NO. 67

BY SENATOR BROOME

Prefiled pursuant to Article III, Section 2(A)(4)(b)(i) of the Constitution of Louisiana.

STUDENTS. Provides relative to school discipline policies. (8/15/11)

1	AN ACT
2	To amend and reenact R.S. 17:416(A)(1)(c)(iii) and (v), (2)(a) and (b), (3)(a)(i), (vii) and
3	(xvi), and (C)(1), and to enact R.S. 17:416(A)(1)(c)(viii), relative to the discipline
4	of students; to provide for certain disciplinary actions; to provide for the discipline
5	of public school students upon removal from a classroom; to provide for
6	implementation of certain disciplinary measures; to provide for the adoption of
7	certain guidelines for the use of in-school and out-of-school suspensions; to require
8	city, parish and other local public school boards to adopt certain rules and definitions
9	relative to suspensions; to provide relative to in-school and out-of-school
10	suspensions for certain violations; to provide relative to expulsion hearings; and to
11	provide for related matters.
12	Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:
13	Section 1. R.S. 17:416(A)(1)(c)(iii) and (v), (2)(a) and (b), (3)(a)(i), (vii) and (xvi),
14	and (C)(1) are hereby amended and reenacted, and R.S. 17:416(A)(1)(c)(viii) is hereby
15	enacted to read as follows:
16	§416. Discipline of pupils; suspension; expulsion
17	A.(1)

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1	* * *
2	(c)
3	* * *
4	(iii) A pupil in kindergarten through grade six removed from a class pursuant
5	to this Subparagraph shall not be permitted to return to the class for at least thirty
6	minutes unless agreed to by the teacher initiating the disciplinary action. A pupil in
7	grades seven through twelve removed from a class pursuant to this Subparagraph
8	shall not be permitted to return to the class during the same class period unless
9	agreed to by the teacher initiating the disciplinary action. Additionally, the pupil
10	shall not be readmitted to the class until the principal has implemented one of the
11	following disciplinary measures:
12	(aa) Restorative justice practices. Amendments in subsection (A)(1)(c)(iii) (aa)
13	(bb) Loss of privileges.
14	(cc) Peer mediation.
15	(dd) Referral to school counselor or social worker.
16	(ee) Referral to response to intervention.
17	(ff) Further disciplinary action, only to be implemented as a measure of
18	last resort, including:
19	(aa) (I) In-school suspension.
20	(bb) (II) Detention.
21	(cc) (III) Suspension.
22	(dd) (IV) Initiation of expulsion hearings.
23	(ee) (V) Assignment to an alternative school.
24	(ff) (VI) Requiring the completion of all assigned school and homework
25	which would have been assigned and completed by the student during the period of
26	suspension.
27	(gg) (VII) Any other disciplinary measure authorized by the principal with
28	the concurrence of the teacher or the building level committee pursuant to law and
29	board policy.

1	* * *
2	(v) Upon the third removal from the same classroom pursuant to this
3	Subparagraph, the teacher and the principal shall discuss the disruptive behavior
4	patterns of the pupil and the potentially appropriate disciplinary measure before the
5	principal implements a disciplinary measure. If appropriate, a referral of the matter
6	may be made to an appropriate building level committee. In addition, a conference
7	between the teacher or other appropriate school employee and the pupil's parent,
8	tutor, or legal guardian shall be required prior to the pupil being readmitted.
9	Amendment in subsection (viii) lines 10- 19 are non-negotiable. <i>We</i> would like to argue to keep this amendment in the
10	(viii) No bill.
11	Elementary and Secondary Education shall adopt guidelines for the use of in-
12	school and out-of-school suspensions to be implemented by the governing
13	authority of each public elementary and secondary school. The state board shall
14	recommend the maximum annual cumulative number of days for out-of-school
15	suspensions that a student may receive based on grade levels. These guidelines
16	shall be developed in consultation with representatives of key stakeholder
17	groups, and shall include students, parents, teachers, guidance counselors,
18	principals, community members, and members of school boards and
19	superintendents, or their designees.
20	(2) As used in this Section:
21	(a)(i) "In-school suspension" means removing a pupil from his normal
22	classroom setting but maintaining him under supervision within the school. Pupils
23	Any pupil participating in an in-science and the subsection (a)(i) line 25 is non-negotiable
24	We would like to argue to keep this amendment in the bill performed during the in-school suspe (Striking shall/ adding may)
25	fully with the rules for in-school suspension shall may be subject to immediate
26	suspension.
27	(ii) Each city and , parish, and other local public school board shall adopt
28	rules regarding the implementation of in-school suspension by no later than January
29	1, 1995 .

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1	(b)(i) "Detention" means activities, assignments any activity, assignment,
2	or work held before the normal school day, after the normal school day, or on
3	weekends. Amendment in subsection (b)(ii) lines 4
4	and 5 are non-negotiable. We would like (ii) Failure or refusal by a purto argue to keep this amendment in the bill. (striking shall/adding may)
5	may subject the pupil to immediate suspension.
6	(iii) Assignments, activities, or work which may be assigned during detention
7	include but are shall not be limited to counseling, homework assignments, behavior
8	modification programs, or other activities aimed at improving the self-esteem of the
9	pupil.
10	(iv) Each city and , parish, and other local public school board shall adopt
11	rules regarding the implementation of detention by no later than January 1, 1995.
12	* * *
13	(3)(a) A school principal may suspend from school or suspend from riding
14	on any school bus any pupil who:
15	(i) <u>(aa)</u> Is guilty of willful disobedier Amendment in subsection (3)(i)(bb) lines 16-23 are negotiable
16	(bb) No later than December 1, 2011, each city, parish, and other local
17	public school board shall develop and adopt a definition for willful disobedience
18	based on childhood and adolescent development, including rules and guidelines
19	for suspensions warranted by willful disobedience. These guidelines shall be
20	developed in consultation with representatives of key stakeholder groups, and
21	shall include students, parents, teachers, guidance counselors, principals,
22	community members, and members of school boards and superintendents, or
23	their designees. Amendments in subsections (3)(vii)(aa) and (bb) lines 25 - 29
24	are non-negotiable. We would like to argue to keep this * * amendment in the bill.
25	(vii)(aa) Disturbs the school and habitually violates any rule, except as
26	otherwise provided in this Item.
27	(bb) No pupil in grades kindergarten through six shall be suspended in-
28	school or out-of-school or removed from the classroom for a school uniform
29	related violation.

1	(cc) No pupil in grades seven through twelve shall be suspended out-of-
2	school for a school uniform related violation.
3	Amendments in subsection (3)(vii)(cc), * * * * (3)(xvi)(aa)(bb)(cc) lines 1-10 are non- negotiable. <i>We</i> would like to <i>argue to</i>
4	(xvi)(aa) Is habitually tardy or absent, except as keep this amendment in the bill.
5	<u>Item</u> .
6	(bb) No pupil in grades kindergarten through six shall be suspended in-
7	school or out-of-school or removed from the classroom for being habitually
8	tardy or absent.
9	(cc) No pupil in grades seven through twelve shall be suspended out-of-
10	school for being habitually tardy or absent.
11	* * *
12	C.(1) Upon the recommendation by a principal for the expulsion of any
13	student as authorized by Subsection B hereof of this Section, a hearing shall be
14	conducted by the superintendent or by any other person designated so to do by the
15	superintendent to determine the facts of the case and make a finding of whether or
16	not the student is guilty of conduct warranting a recommendation of expulsion. Upon
17	the conclusion of the hearing and upon a finding that the student is guilty of conduct
18	warranting expulsion, the superintendent, or his designee, shall determine whether
19	such student shall be expelled from the school system or if other corrective or
20	disciplinary action shall be taken. At said hearing the principal or teacher concerned
21	may be represented by any person appointed by the superintendent. The concerned
22	teacher shall be required to extend such hearing and shall be permitted to present Amendment in subsection C(1) lines 23-29
23	infor are non-negotiable. We would like to <u>Until such hearing takes place the student</u>
24	shall remain suspended from the school. Every student shall receive an expulsion
25	hearing within ten school days of receiving notification of the recommendation
26	for expulsion. If a hearing is not conducted within ten school days after the
27	incident, the student shall return to school or begin receiving educational
28	services at an alternative setting until the hearing takes place. At such hearing
29	the student and parent or legal guardian may be represented by any person of his

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their choice.

*

The original instrument and the following digest, which constitutes no part of the legislative instrument, were prepared by Sherri H. Breaux.

DIGEST

<u>Present law</u> provides for the discipline of students for disorderly conduct in school or on the playgrounds of the school, on the street or road while going to or returning from school, or during intermission or recess.

<u>Present law</u> requires that a student in kindergarten through grade six removed from a class not be permitted to return to the class for at least 30 minutes unless agreed to by the teacher initiating the disciplinary action. Further requires that a student in grades seven through twelve removed from a class not be permitted to return to the class during the same class period unless agreed to by the teacher initiating the disciplinary action. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> additionally provides that the student will not be readmitted to the class until the principal has implemented one of the following disciplinary measures:

- (1) In-school suspension.
- (2) Detention.
- (3) Suspension.
- (4) Initiation of expulsion hearings.
- (5) Assignment to an alternative school.
- (6) Requiring the completion of all assigned school and homework which would have been assigned and completed by the student during the period of suspension.
- (7) Any other disciplinary measure authorized by the principal with the concurrence of the teacher or the building level committee.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> disciplinary measures to be used as a last resort. Instead, requires the principal to implement one of the following disciplinary measures first:

- (1) Restorative justice practices.
- (2) Loss of privileges.
- (3) Peer mediation.
- (4) Referral to school counselor social worker.
- (5) Referral to response to intervention.

<u>Present law</u> requires, upon the third removal from the same classroom, the teacher and the principal to discuss the disruptive behavior patterns of the student and the appropriate action before the principal implements a disciplinary measure. Provides that a referral of the matter may be made to the building level committee. Requires a conference between the teacher or other appropriate school employee and the student's parent, tutor, or legal guardian prior to

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the student being readmitted.

<u>Proposed law</u> removes the requirement that the parent-teacher conference actually take place prior to the student being readmitted, but otherwise retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Proposed law</u> requires BESE to adopt guidelines, no later than the 2012-2013 school year, for the use of in-school and out-of-school suspensions to be implemented by school boards. Requires BESE to recommend to each school board the maximum annual cumulative number of days for out-of-school suspensions that a student may receive based on grade levels. Provides for such guidelines to be developed in consultation with certain key stakeholder groups.

<u>Present law</u> authorizes a school principal to suspend from school or suspend from riding on any school bus any student who commits certain offenses.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains all such offenses specified in <u>present law</u>, but requires, not later than December 1, 2011, that each school board develop and adopt a definition for willful disobedience based on childhood and adolescent development, including rules and guidelines for suspension warranted by willful disobedience. Further requires that the guidelines be developed in consultation with certain key stakeholder groups.

<u>Present law</u> authorizes suspension for disturbing the school or habitually violating any rule.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> but further makes an exception that no student in grades kindergarten through grade six shall be suspended in-school or out-of-school for a school uniform related violation. Further provides that a student in grades seven through twelve shall not be suspended out-of-school for a school uniform related violation.

Present law authorizes suspension for a student who is habitually tardy or absent.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> but further makes an exception that no student in grades kindergarten through grade six shall be suspended in-school or out-of-school for such an offense. Further provides that a student in grades seven through twelve shall not be suspended out-of-school for such a violation.

<u>Present law</u> provides, upon the recommendation by a principal for the expulsion of any student, for a hearing to be conducted by the superintendent or by a designee to determine the facts of the case and make a finding of whether or not the student is guilty of conduct warranting a recommendation of expulsion. Provides that upon the conclusion of the hearing and a finding that the student is guilty of conduct warranting expulsion, the superintendent, or his designee, must determine whether such student will be expelled from the school system or if other corrective or disciplinary action should be taken. Provides for the student to remain suspended from school until such hearing takes place. Provides that the student may be represented by any person of his choice at the hearing.

<u>Proposed law</u> removes the provision that the student remain suspended from school until the hearing takes place. Further provides that every student receive an expulsion hearing within 10 school days of receiving notification of the recommendation for expulsion. Provides that if a hearing is not conducted within 10 school days after the incident, then the student must return to school or begin receiving educational services at an alternative setting until the hearing takes place. Provides that the parent or legal guardian may also be represented by a person of choice.

Effective August 15, 2011.

(Amends R.S. 17:416(A)(1)(c)(iii) and (v),(2)(a) and (b), (3)(a)(i), (vii) and (xvi), and (C)(1); adds R.S. 17:416(A)(1)(c)(viii))